Discussion Questions for Hebrews 6 (Part 2) and Hebrews 7

Hebrews 6:13-20 • Anchor for the soul

- The latter part of Hebrews 6 (:13 to 20) deals with Abraham and God's promise to him and his descendants. Part of God's promise to Abraham was that "through your offspring all nations on earth will be blessed" (Genesis 22:18). How have all the nations on earth been blessed through Abraham's offspring?
- What does Abraham's life show about the meaning of waiting patiently for what God has promised?
- Why did God swear an oath with His promise to bless Abraham and give him descendants (see 6:16–18)?
- Read **versus 19-20** again. What does it mean to you personally that you possess an eternal inheritance that is secure for you in heaven?
- Why should this hope be an "anchor for [your] soul, firm and secure" (6:19)?
- What does that tell you about God's heart and character?
- What are the "**two unchangeable things**" (6:18) that together provide a double assurance that God won't retract His promise? (**Answer**: God's oath and His promise.)
- What aspect of **6:13–20** seems most personally significant to you?

Hebrews 7 • A Superior Priestly Order

- Who was Melchizedek?
- How does **7:4–10** show Melchizedek's greatness?
- What is the author's point in proving that the historical Melchizedek was greater than Abraham and Levi?
- What did the Levitical priesthood fail to accomplish (see 7:11)?
- Multiple times in this chapter the author cites **Psalm 110:4**, which was written a thousand years before the time of Christ. What does this tell you about how God already regarded the Levitical priesthood at that time?
- The Law of Moses assigned the priesthood to the tribe of Levi. Why did there have to be a change in order for Jesus to become high priest in the order of Melchizedek (see Hebrews 7:12–14)?
- What is and is not the basis of Christ's priesthood (see 7:15–17)?
- Romans 7:12 says the Law is "holy, righteous and good." Why, then, does Hebrews 7:18 say the regulation regarding the Levitical priesthood "was weak and useless"?
- What is the "better hope" (7:19) provided by Christ and His priesthood?
- How does Christ's "permanent priesthood" (7:24) relate to His ability "to save completely those who come to God through him" (7:25)?
- What would you consider to be the main goal or message of this chapter?